

phosphate, Organo Chlorinated Compounds, Household poisons.

11 Madya and Madatyaya. Alcohol poisoning (Ethanol and Methanol).

12 *Introduction to Narcotic drugs and Psychotropic substances Act 1985.*

Part –B

50 Marks

- 1.** Definition of Vyavahara Ayurveda (Forensic medicine) and Vidhivaidyaka (Medical jurisprudence), concise history of Vyavahara Ayurveda (Forensic medicine) and Vidhivaidyaka (Medical jurisprudence). Introduction to Indian Penal Code, Indian Evidence Act and Criminal Procedure Code.
- 2.** Legal Procedures:- Inquest, Evidence, Witness, Courts and their powers.
- 3.** Personal identity and its Medico legal aspects, forensic odontology, Introduction to Forensic Serology and DNA profiling.
- 4.** Death and its Medico Legal Aspects, Medico Legal autopsy and *exhumation*.
- 5.** Injuries and thermal injuries, their medico Legal aspects, general introduction of weapons.
- 6.** Dowry deaths (Domestic Violence), their Medico Legal importance and laws in relation to it.
- 7.** Asphyxial deaths and its Medico Legal importance.
- 8.** Medico Legal importance of Pregnancy, Delivery; Impotence & Sterility, Abortion, Infanticide, battered baby. Virginity, Artificial Insemination, Legitimacy.
- 9.** Sexual offences, and their Medico Legal aspects. Sexual perversions.
- 10.** Introduction to Forensic psychiatry.
- 11.** Introduction to forensic laboratory.
- 12.** Ethics as in classical Texts. Types of Vaidya, Pranabhisara and Rogabhisara Vaidya, Qualities of Vaidya, Responsibilities of Vaidya, Chaturvidha Vaidyavrutti, Duties of Vaidya to his patient, Vaidya Sadvrittam, Apujya Vaidya, Code of conduct.
- 13.** Laws in relation to Medical practitioners: Indian Medicine Central Council Act.
- 14.** Maintenance of medical record.
- 15.** Physician's responsibility in criminal matters, Professional negligence, Civil negligence, Criminal negligence, Medico Legal aspects of Acquired Immune Deficiency Syndrome, Rights of an unborn child, Medical Termination of Pregnancy Act Transplantation of human organs Bill 1994, Pre Natal Diagnostic Testing Act, Malingering of feigned diseases, International Code of Medical Ethics for Doctors. Clinical establishment Act.

Consumer Protection Act 1986.

PRACTICAL

Practical Training

1. Post Mortem examination
2. Evidence in the court
3. Demonstrations in the Forensic & Toxicology museum
(Toxic & Anti toxic substances, medico legal specimens & Charts)
4. Clinical postings
5. Library Hours for compilation

Distribution of Practical Marks

- | | |
|--|----------|
| 1. Post Mortem examination and Court posting – Case Record | 10 Marks |
| 2. Practical/Clinical Record Book | 10 Marks |
| 3. Identification (spotting) | 10 Marks |
| 4. Viva – voce | 20 Marks |

Total

50 Marks

Reference Books

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1. Topics related to Agada Tantra from Charak Samhita, Sushrut Samhita, Ashtanga Hridaya, Ashtanga Samgraha, Kasyapa Samhitha, Yogaratnakara, Bhavaprakasha and Madhava Nidana. | |
| 2. Vidhivaidyaka (Vyavahar Ayurveda Vijnan) | Dr.Charuchandra Pathak |
| 3. Medical Jurisprudence and Toxicology | Modi |
| 4. Basavarajeeyam | Edited by Vd.Govardhan |
| 5. Agada Tantra | Sh. Ramanath Dwivedi |
| 6. Text book of Agada Tantra | Edited by Dr Huparikar, Dr.Joglekar |
| 7. Agadatantra ki Pathyapustaka | Edited By Dr Huparikar,
Dr.Joglekar |
| 8. Agad Tantra | Dr. Shekher Namboodri |
| 9. Vishachikitsa
(Ayurveda Toxicology English Translation) | Vaidya Balakrishnan Nair, Kerala |
| 10. Medical Ethics and Medical Laws in India | Dr. H.S. Mehta |
| 11. Toxicology Ayurvedic Perspective | VPSV Ayurveda college Kottakkal |
| 12. Kautilya Arthashastra (English) | Prof. Kangle |
| 13. Kautilya Arthashastra (Hindi) | Dr. Raghunath Singh |
| 14. Vyavahar Ayurveda | Dr.Ayodhya Prasad Achal |
| 15. Vyavahar Ayurveda Vigyanam | Dr.Indramohan Jha (Sachchan) |
| 16. Textbook of Forensic Medicine and Toxicology | Dr. V.V.Pillay |
| 17. Forensic Medicine | Dr. B. Umadathan |
| 18. Relevant Acts | Govt. of India |
| 19. Relevant topics from Manu Smriti | |

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3.2 SWASTHAVRITTA

Theory- Two papers - 100 marks each

Practical / Viva voce -100 marks

Lectures –200 Hrs

Practicals and demonstration – 100 Hrs

Paper-I

PART A- VAIYAKTIKA SWASTHAVRITTA

50 marks

Introduction

Definition of swastha & swasthya and swasthavritta. Arogya lakshana, swasthavritta prayojanam, WHO definition of health.

Dimensions of health-Physical, Mental, Social.

Concept of wellbeing- objective, subjective, standard of living, quality of life.

Dinacharya

1. Definition of Dinacharya
2. Aims and importance of dinacharya
3. Brahma Muhurta evam Utthana
4. Usha Jalapana
5. Sharirachinta
6. Malatyaga
7. Mukha prakshalan
8. Dantadhavana and preparation of Ayurvedic tooth powder and paste
9. Jihvanirlekhanavidhi
10. Anjana
11. Pratimarsha Nasya
12. Gandusha and Kavala
13. Tambulasevana
14. Dhoomapana
15. Abhyanga
16. Udvartana
17. Utsadana
18. Vyayama
19. Chankramana
20. Snana
21. Anulepana
22. Vastra dharana
23. Danda dharana
24. Padatra dharana
25. Chatra dharana
26. Ushnisha dharana
27. Ratnabharana dharana
28. Madhyahna charya
29. Cosmetic effect of Dinacharya procedures

Rathricharya

1. Sandhya charya
2. Rathri bhojana vidhi
3. Shayanavidhi according to Bhavamishra

Ritucharya

1. Importance of ritucharya
2. Ritu presentation as per different acharyas
3. Adana kala & visarga kala
4. Sanchaya-Prakopa-Prashamana of Dosha according to ritu
5. Doshashodhana in Ritu Charya
6. Relation of Agni bala and Ritu
7. Pathya and Apathya Ahara and Vihara in different ritus
8. a) Ritusandhi
b) Yamadamsthra
c) Rituharitaki
d) Rituviparyaya

Sadvritta

Description of Sadvritta and Achara Rasayana their role in Prevention and control of diseases.

Trayopastambha

i) Ahara- Nirukti, Swarupa, Pramukhatva, Ahara dravya Vargikaranam, Aharavidhividhana, Dwadashashana pravicharana, Ashtaharvidhivisheshayatanani, Pathyahara, Apathyahara, Samashana, Adhyashana, Vishamashana, Ahara dushparinama & tajjanya vyadhaya, Santarpanajanya evam Apatarpanajanya vyadhi, Viruddhahara and its effects, Shadrasabhojanasya mahatwam.

Dietetic standards, Proximate principles of Food, Nutritional requirements, Sources and deficiency diseases of Protein, Carbohydrate, Fat, Vitamins and Minerals.

Concept of balanced diet in Ayurveda, Nitya sevaneeya dravya, Balanced diet for different sections of people in the society, Social aspects of nutrition.

Aharavarga - Dhanya varga(Cereals and millets), Shaka and Harita varga (Leafy and Non leafy vegetables), Kanda varga (roots and tubers), Phala varga (Fruits), Taila varga(Fats and Oils), Ikshu varga & Madhya varga(Alcoholic Beverages), Dugdha varga (Milk and Milk products), Masala and vyanjana dravyas (Spices & Condiments), Kritanna varga(Prepared Food), Mamsa varga (Meat types).

Food hygiene

Milk hygiene-Milk composition, Source of infection (for Milk), Milk borne diseases, Clean and Safe milk, Pasteurization of milk.

Meat hygiene-Meat inspection, Slaughter house, Freshness of fish and egg. Fruits and Vegetables hygiene

Sanitation of eating places, Preservation of food, Food handlers, Food borne diseases, Food fortification, and Food adulteration, Food toxicants, Properties of Vegetarian and Non- vegetarian diet, Effects of spices and condiments

Consumption of Alcohol and its effects on personal and social health. Effects of pathya-apathya in life style disorders-Diabetes, Hypertension, Obesity and Coronary heart Disease.

ii) Nidra- Nirukti and Utpatti, Types , Nidra – Swasthya sambandha, Properties of Yukta Nidra, Effects of Ratri Jagarana, Diwaswapna, Anidra, Atinidra, Ahara and Vihara causing disturbed sleep , Ahara and Vihara Causing sound sleep. Duration of sleep according to age, Sleep in healthy and diseased persons.

iii) **Brahmacharya** – Brahmacharya and Abrahmacharya, Importance of Bharmacharya and Abrahmacharya, Vyavaya sambandhi niyama, Effects of Ativyavaya. Methods of Virya Raksha, Surataspriha(Libido) through Vajikarana, Viryanasa phala.

Roganutpadaniya- Concept of Vega- Adharaniya Vega and Dharaneeya Vega, Diseases due to vegadharana and their chikitsa, sharir shodhan.

Rasayana for Swastha-Nirukti, paribhasha(definition), classification and examples

Ashta nindita purusha

Menstrual hygiene

Part B (YOGA AND NISARGOPACHARA)

50 marks

YOGA

Introduction

Yoga shabda utpatti, definitions, Different schools of Yoga – Rajayoga, Hathayoga, Mantrayoga, Layayoga, Jnanayoga, Karmayoga, Bhaktiyoga.

Yoga prayojana

Ayurveda yoga sambandha, swasthya rakshane yogasya mahatvam

Yogabhyasa pratibhandhaka & siddhikara bhavas as per Hathayoga.

Mitahara and Pathyapathyani during Yogabhyasa.

Panchakosha Theory

Astanga yoga

Yama, Niyama

Asana and its importance

Standing Postures

Ardhakatichakrasana, Padahastasana, Ardhachakrasana, Trikonasana.

Sitting postures

Swasthika, Gomukhasana, Padmasana, Vajrasana, Bhadrasana, Shashankasana, Ushtrasana, Pashchimottanasana, Suptavajrasana, ardhmatsyendrasana, Siddhasana.

Supine Postures

Pavanamuktasana, Sarvangasana, Matsyasana, Halasana, Chakrasana, Shavasana, Setubandhasana.

Prone postures

Bhujangasana, Shalabhasana, Dhanurasana, Makarasana.

Suryanamaskara – procedure and benefits.

Pranayama

Benefits of pranayama, time of practice, avara-pravara-madhyama lakshana, yukta-ayukta lakshana

Nadishudhi Pranayama .

Kumbhakabheda – suryabhedana, ujjayi, sheetali, Sitkari, Bhastrika, Bhramari

Murcha, Plavini.

Nadishudhilakshana

Shatkarma

Dhauti, Basti, Neti, Trataka, Nauli, Kapalabhati

Bandhas and Mudras

Shad chakras, Ida-pingala-sushumna nadis.

Pratyahara, Dharana, Dhyana, Samadhi

Description of Yoga in Ayurveda

Moksha and Muktatma lakshana and upaya, Naishthiki chikitsa, Satyabuddhi, Tatvasmriti, Ashta Aishwarya, Ashta siddhis.

NISARGOPACHARA (Prakritika chikitsa)

Definition, history, aims and objectives

Theories as per Western school of Naturopathy

Indian school – Panchabhutopasana

Relation of Ayurveda and Naturopathy

Importance of Naturopathy in present era.

Jalachikitsa(hydrotherapy) – Hot water treatment, Cold water treatment, foot and arm bath, Spinal bath, hip bath, abdominal wet pack, Steam bath, enema and whirl pool bath.

Mrittika chikitsa (Mud therapy)

Types of soil, doctrine of mud selection, mud bath.

Suryakirana sevana (sun bath - heliotherapy)

Mardana (Massage) – different methods and effects.

Diet types – Soothing, Eliminative, Constructive, Positive and negative diet, Acidic and alkaline diet

Upavasa chikitsa(Fasting therapy) – Importance, types, therapeutic effects of fasting.

Visrama chikitsa upayoga

PAPER II – SAMAJIKA SWASTHAVRITTA

Part A

50 marks

Janapadodhwamsa

Causes, Manifestations and control measures, importance of Panchakarma and Rasayana.

Vayu (Air)

Vayu guna according to sushruta samhita, Properties of Vayu as per different directions, Vayu shudhi prakara – Ayurvedic aspect.

Composition of air.

Air of occupied room- Thermal discomfort and comfort zone, indices of thermal comfort.

Air pollution – health and social aspects, Prevention and control of air pollution ,Global warming.

Ventilation and its types.

Mountain air & High altitude – Health problems

Jala (Ayurvedic and modern aspects)

Importance of water , safe and wholesome water, water requirements, properties, types and sources of water,water pollution and health hazards, Methods of water purification.

Hardness of Water.
Examination, Tests and analysis of water.
Rain water harvesting and water recycling

Bhumi and nivasa sthana(Land and housing)

Types of soil, soil & health, Land pollution, Bhumi shodhana, Nivasa yogya bhoomi, Social goals of housing, Housing standards, Mahanasa (Kitchen) standards, Rural housing, Housing and health, Overcrowding.

Prakasha(lightning)

Requirement of good lighting, natural lighting, artificial lighting, biological effects of lighting.

Dhwani pradooshana(Noise pollution) -Noise, Sources, effects,& control

Vikirana(Radiation)- sources, effects and control

Apadravya Nirmulana (Disposal of solid waste)

Different types of solid waste
Storage and collection of refuse
Methods of disposal of solid waste (Rural & urban)
Bio-medical waste management

Malanishkasana Vyavastha (Excreta Disposal)

Methods for Unsewered area and Sewered area
Latrines for camps, fairs and festivals
Disposal of dead body – Burial, Burning, Electric cremation.

Meteorology (Ritu evam Vatavarana jnanam)

Definition of weather and climate, factors influencing weather and climate.

Disaster management

Definition, natural and man-made disasters, epidemiologic surveillance and disease control.

Occupational Health

Occupational Hazards, Occupational Diseases, Prevention of Occupational Diseases, Health & precautionary measures, ESI Act, Indian factories Act.

Offensive Trades- Effects on health and precautionary measures .

School health services

Health problems of school children, aspects of school health service, duties of school medical officers, Maintenance of healthy environment

Epidemiology

Concept of Epidemiology, Dynamics of disease transmission, concept of diseases, concept of causation, Epidemiological triad, natural history of disease, concept of control, concept of prevention, Risks factor, modes of intervention, incidence and prevalence. Susceptible host, host defenses, Immunizing Agents, Disease prevention and control, investigation of epidemic.

Disinfection – definition, types.

Ayurvedic concept of Vyadhikshamatva and sankramaka rogas.

Epidemiology of communicable Diseases

Chicken Pox, Measles, Diphtheria, Pertussis, Mumps, Tuberculosis, SARS, Influenza, Pneumonia, Cholera, Polio, Viral Hepatitis , Typhoid, Leptospirosis, Dengue Fever, Chikungunia, Malaria, Filariasis , Leprosy, Rabies , Tetanus, Emerging and re-emerging diseases

Kuprasangaja vyadhi (STDs)

AIDS, Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Chancroid

Non-communicable disease epidemiology

Diabetes, Obesity, Hypertension, Coronary Heart Diseases, Rheumatic Heart Disease, Cancer

Chikitsalaya Bhavana (Hospital Building)

Part B

50marks

Prathamika swasthya samrakshana(Primary Health Care)

Definition, principle, elements,levels of health care.

Structure at village, sub centre, PHC,CHC, Rural hospital levels.

Health insurance, Private agencies, Voluntary health agencies, NGOs and AYUSH sector.

Role of Ayurveda in Primary Health Care.

Parivara kalyana Yojana (Family welfare Programmes)– Demography, demographic cycle, life expectancy.

Family planning, methods of family planning.

Matru sishu kalyana Yojana – MCH programme

Ante natal, intra natal, post natal, neo natal care. Child health problems and indicators of MCH care.

Preventive geriatrics-Problems of elderly,prevention and control measures.

World Health Organisation-Objectives,structure and functions.

International health agencies-United Nations agencies,Health work of bilateral agencies.

Alma Ata declaration

National Health Policy

Health statistics- Definition, Sources, uses Data collection, Classification, Presentation.

Vital statistics-Morbidity rates,Mortality rates ,Fertility rates.

Health survey

Swasthya prashasana(Health Administration) – Health administration at Central including AYUSH, state, district, village levels.

National health programmes

Tuberculosis(RNTCP), Leprosy(NLEP), AIDS (NACP), Blindness (NPCB), Polio(PPI),Diabetes (NDCP), Cancer (NCCP) , Guinea worm, Vector born disease control programme, NRHM, all the upcoming national health programmes, RCH programme, Universal Immunization Programme.

National Nutritional Programmes - IDD, Vitamin A prophylaxis, Mid day meal, anemia control programmes.

PRACTICALS

Demonstration of Dinacharya procedures- anjana, nasya, kavala, gandoosha dhoomapana, abhyanga, udvartana.

Parichaya of aharadravya, immunization agents, disinfectants and family planning devices

Practical demonstrations of Asanas mentioned in the syllabus
Pranayama (Suryabhedana, Ujjayi, Shitali, Sitkari, Bhastrika, Bhramari and Nadishuddhi) and Shad karmas(Jala dhauti, Jalaneti, Sutraneti, Trataka, Kapalabhati).

Preparing and delivering of a health educational talk on health related issues.
A short compilation on any topic on environmental health.

Educational Visits

Observe the functioning of the Milk Dairy, Water purification unit, Sewage treatment unit, MCH/Family welfare centre, Leprosy hospital and industrial unit.

Visit to Primary Health Centre for knowledge of actual implementation of National health programmes including knowledge of rural health.

Visit of rural Ayurvedic dispensary.

Visit to naturopathy centre to observe naturopathic treatment modalities.

Health survey- Minimum 5 families of rural and urban areas.

There should be 3 case sheets for Yoga Naturopathy & pathya apathya together and 3 case sheets for communicable diseases.

Proformas for Case sheets/practical records/survey/Dinacharya projects etc should be prepared by the respective universities.

Practical and Viva Voce examination

Marks distribution

	100 marks
1. Vaiyaktika Swasthavritta	20
2. Samajik swasthavritta	20
3. Demonstration of Yoga	10
4. Naturopathy	10
5. Journal and compilation work	10
6. Viva voce	30

Reference Books:

Relevant portions of Charaka, Sushruta, Vagbhata, Sarngadhara, Bhavaprakasha, Yogaratnakara, Madhavanidana and Bhelasamhita.

Swasthavritta Samucchaya

- Pandit Rajeshwar dutt Shastri

Swasthya Vigyan

- Dr. Bhaskar Govind Ghanekar

Swasthya Vigyan

- Dr. Mukund swarup Varma

Swasthavritta

- Vaidya Sakad

Swasthavritta

- Dr. Ranade and Dr. Firke

Ayurveda Hitopadesh	- Vaidya Ranjit Rai Desai
Yoga and Ayurved	- Acharya Rajkumar Jain
Swasthavritta vigyan	- Dr. Ramharsha Singh
Swasthavrittam	- Dr. Brahmanand Tripathi
Swasthavrittam	- Dr. Shivkumar Gaud
Ayurvediya Swasthavritta	- Vaidya Jalukar Shastri
Patanjala yogasutra	- Patanjali Maharshi
Hathayogapradipika	- Swatmaram Yogendra
Gheranda samhita	- Gherand Muni
Yoga Paddhati	- Bharatiya Prakritik Chikitsa Parishad
Yogik Chikitsa	- Shri. Kedar Nath Gupta
Sachitra Yogasan darshika	- Dr. Indramohan Jha
Yoga deepika	- Shri. B.K.S. Iyengar
Light on Yoga	- Shri. B.K.S. Iyengar
Light on Pranayama	- Shri. B.K.S. Iyengar
Yoga and yoga chikitsa	- Dr. Ramharsha Singh
Foundations of Contemporary Yoga	- Dr. Ramharsha Singh
Yoga Sidhant evam Sadhana	- Harikrishna Shastri datar
Prakritik chikitsa Vidhi	- Sharan Prasad
Prakritik chikitsa vigyan	- Verma
Preventive and Social Medicine	- J. Park
Preventive and Social Medicine	- Baride and kulkarni
Janasankhya Shiksha Sidhanta	- Dr. Nirmal Sahani
Evam upadesya	
Health Administration in India	- S.C.Seel
Health and family welfare	- T.L.Devaraj
Positive Health	- L.P. Gupta
Biogenic Secrets of food in Ayurveda	- L.P.Gupta
Smriti granthon mein nihit	- Dr. Smt. Nigam Sharma
Swasthaprakara samagri	
Dr. Reddy's comprehensive guide to Swasthavritta	- Dr.P.sudhakar Reddy
Nutritive value of Indian foods	- ICMR
Yoga and Nisargopachar	- Vd. Prama Joshi
Prachin Vangmay mein prakritik chikitsa	- swami Anant Bharati, CCRYN
Swasthavritta	- Vd Yashwant Patil and Vd. Vhawal
Food and nutrition	- Swaminathan
Organology and sensology in yoga	-Prashant S Iyengar
Yoga-A game for Women	-Geeta S Iyengar
Yoga-A game for Women(hindi translation)-Madhu Pandey	

3.3 PRASUTI TANTRA & STRIROGA

Marks 200 (100marks each paper)
Practical-100 marks
HOURS Theory-200 Hrs
Practical-100 Hrs

PAPER-1 PRASUTI TANTRA

PART-A

INTRODUCTION TO SUBJECT

STRI SHARIRAVIJNAN

Etymological origin of the word Stri. Artava vaha and Stanyavaha strotamsi. Tryavarta yoni Stri Vishishta, Peshi Marmani.

Anatomy of female reproductive system.(External and internal genital organs) Soft & Bony Pelvis and its obstetrical importance.

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Vayobhedena Stri sangnya

RAJO VIGYANA

Description of Raja, Artava and Prathama Rajo Darshana, Rajasvala Charya. Ritumati Lakshana, Ritumaticharya, Ritukala

Menarche, Menstrual cycle and their regulation by endocrine glands,

Ovulation –Importance in conception

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Concept of Stri Sukra

GARBHA VIGYANA

- a) Garbhasya paribhasha, Garbhadhanavidhi, Garbhavakranti, Garbha Sambhava samagri, Garbhakara bhava, Panchabhautikatwa of Garbha, Masanumasika Vridhi of Garbha, Garbha Poshana , Garbhasayasthe Garbhasthiti

Foetal attitude, lie, position, presentation

- b) Apari, GarbhaNabhinadi, Jarayu, Ulba

Formation, Development, Function of Placenta, Umbilical cord, Amniotic fluid

Foetal membranes -Abnormalities of Placenta

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Garbhalingotpatti, Garbhasya Avayavotpatti, Garbha Varnotpatti, Garbha Vikriti

GARBHINI VIGYANA

- a) Lakshana of Sadhyograhita Garbha, Lakshana of Vyakta Garbha, Pumsavana vidhi
Diagnosis of Pregnancy
- b) Garbhini vyavastha: Garbhini Paricharya, Garbha Upaghatakara Bhava, Dauhrida
Ante Natal care-Examination, Investigation and Management
- c) Garbha Vyapada: Nidana, Samprapthy and Chikitsa Garbhasrava and Garbhapata-
Garbha shosha-Upavishtaka, Nagodara, Upashushka, Leena garbha,
Antarmrita garbha, Raktagulma, Bahugarbhatha
- d) Abortions, Rh-incompatability-
Causes, clinical features, complications and management.

Gestational trophoblastic neoplasias, Ectopic pregnancy, IUGR, Intrauterine foetal death, Multiple pregnancy

GARBHINI VYAPAD

- a) Hrillasa, Chardi, Aruchi, Atisara, Vibandha, Arsa, Udavarta, Sotha, Parikarthika, Vaivarnya, Kandu, Kikkisa, Pandu, and Kamala, makkala
- b) Common ailments of Pregnancy-High Risk Pregnancy, Emesis gravid arum, Gestational Anemia, Gestational Hypertension, Gestational Diabetes, Toxemias of Pregnancy, Jaundice, AIDS,

Ante Partum Hemorrhage causes, clinical features complications and Management

PART B

PRASAVA VIGYANA

- a) Prasava Paribhasha, Prasavahetu, Prasavkaala, Sutikagaranirman, Sangrahaniya
Dravyani, Sutikagara pravesavidhi.
- b) Prasavavastha; Prajayani/ Upasthita Prasava/ Asannaprasava lakshana, Aavi.
Prasavaparicharya, Jatamatraparicharya
- c) Normal Labour:-Definition of Labour, Physiology & Mechanism of Labour, Monitoring of Labour and management, Pictogram, Episiotomy, care and resuscitation of newborn.

PRASAVA VYAPAD

- a) Garbhasanga, Yonisamvarana, Aparasanga, Mudagarbha-defenition, Nidana, Types & Management
- b) Induction and augmentation of labour, Cervical dystocia, Cephalopelvic disproportion, Prolonged labour, Preterm labour, Post term labour, foetal distress, Assisted Labour, Caesarian
- c) Retention of Placenta, PPH - causes, clinical features and management, Genital tract Injuries during labour

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Uterine Inversion, Amniotic Fluid Embolism, Garbhasthithi parivarthan(Version), Forceps Delivery, Ventouse Delivery.

SUTIKA VIGYANA

- a) Sutika Paribhasha, Sutika Kaal, Sutika paricharya. Changes during sootika avastha(Sareerika&Manasika)
Normal and abnormal Puerperium and its Management
- b) Sutika Roga – Number of Sutika Roga, Sutika Jwara, Shotha and Makkala.
- c) Stanyavijnan- Sthanyadushti, Sthanyakshaya, Sthanyavidhi -their causes, clinical features and treatment
- d) Emergency care in obstetrics

DESIRABLE(non detail)Stana stanya –Pareeksha, Stanya sampat.

PART-2 STRI ROGA

PART-A

ARTAVA VYAPAD

- a) Artava-kshaya vridhi, Ashtartavadushti lakshana chikitsa
Asrigdara lakshana samprapti Chikitsa
- b) Menstrual disorders-Amenorrhoea, hypomenorrhoea, Oligomenorrhoea, Dysmenorrhoea, Abnormal uterine Bleeding

YONI VYAPAD

Sankhya, Nidana, Lakshana, Upadrava evam Chikitsa

Endometriosis, Fibroid uterus, Genital Prolapses, Retroverted Uterus, Pelvic infections, Cervical erosion, Pelvic Inflammatory Diseases

VANDHYATWA – Prakar, Nidana, Chikitsa

Infertility – Causes, Types, Investigations and Management.

Yoni Kanda, Yoni Arsa, Granthi, Arbud,

Pelvic Infections including Sexually Transmitted Infections, HIV, AIDS, Preventive measures.

MENOPAUSE-changes during menopause ,menopause syndrome, management.

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Congenital malformations of female genital tract.

Sukra vijnan –kshaya,vridhi, dushti hetu lakshana and chikitsa

Benign and Malignant tumours of Genital Tract

PART-B

STANA ROGA

- a) Stanakeela- nidana lakshana chikitsa, Stanagranthi, Stanavidradhi, Stanashoph Mastitis, Breast abscess, Galactocele -Etiopathology, clinicalfeatures, diagnosis, prognosis and complications
- b) Sthanik Chikitsa
Snehana, Swedana, Uttarabasti, Pichu, Varti, Lepana, Dhupana, Dhavana, Dahana, Ksharakarma -. Practical knowledge of all these procedures along with indications, complications and management.

Shastra Karma

Surgical procedures their Indications, Contraindications of cauterization of cervix, cervical dilatation and curettage, female surgical sterilization

Knowledge of indication and procedure of PAP smear. Endometrial biopsy and interpretation of the reports

Stri roga Sambandhita Pramukha Aushadhyai, Prasuti & Stri Roga Chikitsa Upayogi
Yantra Shastra Parichaya and Vyadhivinishchaya Upaya (Investigative and Diagnostic Aids)

Garbhanirodhaka Upaya.

Parivar Niyojana, Reproductive and Child Health Care, AIDS/HIV control Programme, MCH, PNDT Act, MTP Act, and importance of current National Programme

Knowledge of important Commonly used Ayurvedic and Allopathic drugs used in Prasutitantra and Streeroga. Pharmacotherapeutics of allopathic drugs in obstetrics and Gynaecology

Record keeping,ethical and medicolegal issues in Streeroga and prasutitantra

DESIRABLE (non detail)

Laprosopy, hysteroscopy, hysterosalpingography, USG, X-RAY, Colposcopy, Cervical Biopsy. Granthi evum Granthi nirharan samanyajnan (Myomectomy, hysterectomy)

fetus), Milestones of development during infancy and childhood including concepts of various Samskaras.

10. Poshana (Nutrition): Normal requirements of nutrients and common food sources.
11. Dantotpatti evum Danta Raksha Vidhi (Dentition and dental care): Danta-sampat (Characteristics of healthy teeth), Danta Nisheka evum Dantodbheda (Eruption of teeth), Dantodbhedjanya Vikara (Dentition disorders).
12. Vyadhikshamatva: General concepts of Bala (Immunity) and methods of Bala Vriddhi.
13. Prashan & Lehana: Indications, contra-indications, different drugs used in lehana
14. Knowledge of National Programs related to Child Health Care: Reproductive and Child Health (RCH) Program, Community Child Health Programs, Nutritional Programs, National Immunization Program and other programs incorporated by Govt. of India from time to time

Part B

50 Marks

Samanya Chikitsa Siddhanta and Balaroga (General Principles of Treatment and Management of Pediatric Disorders)

1. Bala Pariksha-vidhi Evam Shishu Vedana Parigyan (Examination of sick child and Diagnostic methods-Ayurvedic and modern). Samanya Chikitsa Siddhanta (General principles of treatment in children).
2. General Aushadhi Matra Nirdharana - for Ayurvedic and modern drugs preparations (drug doses according to age, weight and drug contents)
3. Specific therapeutic panchakarma procedures in children with special emphases on snehan, swedan and basti.
4. Prasava Kaleena Abhighata (Birth injuries): Shwasavrodha (Asphyxia neonatorum), Ulvaka, Upashirshaka (Caput Succidanum and Cephalohaematoma), Facial Paralysis, Erb's Paralysis, Bhagna (fractures).
5. Brief description of Sahajavyadhi (Congenital disorders): Sahaja Hridaya Vikara (Congenital Cardiac Disorders) Jalashirshaka (Hydrocephalus), Khandaoushtha (cleft lip), Khanda-Talu (cleft palate) Sanniruddha Guda (Anal stricture / imperforated anus), Pada Vikriti (Talipes equinovarus and valgus), Spina bifida, Meningocele, Meningomyelocele.
6. Brief knowledge of genetic disorders): Down syndrome, Turner Syndrome, Muscular dystrophy, Sickle-Cell Anemia, Thalassaemia, Sahaja Madhumeha (Juvenile diabetes).
7. Prasavottara Vyadhi (Neonatal disorders): Navajata Kamala (Neonatal Jaundice), Navajata Netrabhishyanda (Neonatal conjunctivitis), Nabhiroga (Umbilical disorders), Navajatshishu-raktavishmayata (Neonatal Septicemia)
8. Dushta Stanyapanajanya Vyadhi (Disorders due to Vitiated Milk): Lactose intolerance, Kshiralasaka, Kukunaka, Ahiputana (Napkin Rashes)
9. Kuposhanajanya Vyadhi (Nutritional disorders): Karshya, Phakka, Balashosha and Parigarbhika (Protein Energy Malnutrition), Vitamin and Micro-nutrient deficiency

disorders, Hyper-vitaminosis, failure to thrive.

10. Aupasargika Vyadhi (Infectious Diseases): Karnamula Shotha (Mumps), Romantika (Measles), Rubella, Masurika (Chicken Pox), Rohini (Diphtheria), Kukkura-Kasa (Whooping Cough), Dhanurvata (Tetanus), Krimiroga (Worm Infestations), Antrika Jwara (Typhoid), Mastisakavarnashotha (Meningitis), AIDS, Dengue, Malaria, Rajayakshma (Tuberculosis), Jivanujanya Yakrit Shotha (Hepatitis)
 1. Srotas Vikara:
 - a) Pranavaha Srotas: Pratishtyaya (common cold), Kasa (Cough), Shwasa (Respiratory distress syndrome), Tamaka Shwasa (Bronchial Asthma), Utphuliika, Swasanaka Jwara (Pneumonia/Pneumonitis, Bronchiolitis), Gala shotha (Pharyngitis, Laryngitis), Talukantaka (Tonsillitis)
 - b) Annavaha_ Srotas: Ajirna (Indigestion), Atisara (Diarrhoea), Chhardi (Vomiting), Vibandha (Constipation), Mukhapaka (Stomatitis), Gudapaka (Proctitis), Parikartika (Anal fissure), Udarsula (Infantile Colic), Pravahika (Dysentery), Gudabhransa (Rectal Prolapse). Ama and its disorders like Ama vata jwara (Rheumatic fever).
 - c) Rasavaha Srotas: Jwara (Fever), Pandu (Anemia), Mridbhakshanajanya Pandu (Anemia associated with clay eating/Pica).
 - d) Raktavaha Srotas: Kamala (Jaundice), Raktapitta (Haemorrhagic disorders), Yakritodara (Hepatomegaly).and Pieehodara (Splenomegaly)
 - e) Mamsa-Medovaha Srotas: Apachi (Lymphadenitis), Galaganda (Goitre), Gandamala (Cervical Lymphadenopathy).
 - f) Mutravaha Srotas: Shopha in Vrikka (Glomerulonephritis and Nephrotic syndrome)
 2. Anya Bala Vikara (Miscellaneous Pediatric Disorders), Apasmara (Epilepsy), Akshepa (Convulsions), Nirudhaprakasha (Phimosis), Cerebral palsy.
 3. Behavioral Disorders of Children, their management and counseling: Breath holding spell, Shayyamura (Bed wetting), Pica, Unmada, Autism, ADHD (Attention Deficit and Hyperactive Disorders), Jadatwa (Mental retardation).
 4. Pran raksha vidhi (Life saving measures in children): Principles of management of Shock and Anaphylaxis, Poisoning, Foreign body in respiratory tract, Status epilepticus, Hemorrhage, Acute Renal Failure, Febrile Convulsion, Status Asthmaticus, Fluid and Electrolyte Management.
 5. Balagraha: General description, classification, clinical features and management.

PRACTICAL

Content of Practical / demonstration

1. Clinical training of above mentioned disorders of children.
2. Exposure to -
 - a) Navajata Shishu Paricharya (Care of the newborn)
 - b) Pranapratyagamana Vidhi (Resuscitation procedure of new born)
 - c) Vaccination
 - d) Panchakarma Vidhi (Panchakarma procedures) especially Snehana, Swedana, Basti.
3. Knowledge of various equipments such as phototherapy unit, overhead radiant