

# MAHARASHTRA UNIVERSITY OF HEALTH SCIENCES, NASHIK

(From Academic Year 2012-13 & onwards)

# Syllabus for MD/MS (Ayurved) Preliminary Examination

# 1. AYURVED SAMHITA & SIDDHANTA (Ayurvedic Compendia & Basic Principles)

# **PAPER-II**

THEORY- 100 marks Practical- Viva-Voce-100

# PART-A

50 marks

- 1 Learning and Teaching methodology available in Samhita- Tantrayukti, Tantraguna, Tantradosha, Tachchilya, Vadamarga, Kalpana, Arthashraya, Trividha Gyanopaya, teaching of Pada, Paada, Shloka, Vakya, Vakyartha, meaning and scope of different Sthana and Chatushka of Brihatrayee.
- Manuscriptology Collection, conservation, cataloguing, Critical editing through collation, receion (A critical revision of a text incorporating the most plausible elements found in varying sources), emendation (changes for improvement) and textual criticism (critical analysis) of manuscripts. Publication of edited manuscripts.
- **03** Concept of Bija chatustaya (Purush, Vyadhi, Kriyakaal, Aushadha according to Sushrut Samhita).
- 04 Introduction and Application of Nyaya (Maxims) Like Shilaputrak Nyaya, Kapinjaladhikaran Nyaya, Ghunakshara Nyaya, Gobalivarda Nyaya, Naprishtah Guravo Vadanti Nyaya, Shringagrahika Nyaya, Chhatrino Gacchhanti Nyaya, Shatapatrabhedana Nyaya, Suchikatah Nyaya.
- **05** Importance and utility of Samhita in present era.
- **06** Importance of ethics and principles of ideal living as mentioned in Samhita in the present era in relation to life style disorders.
- **07** Interpretation and co-relation of basic principles with contemporary sciences.

# PART-B

#### 50 marks

- **01** Definition of Siddhanta, types and applied examples in Ayurveda.
- **02** Ayu and its components as described in Samhita.
- **03** Principles of Karana-Karyavada, its utility in advancement of research in Ayurveda.
- **04** Theory of Evolution of Universe (Srishti Utpatti), its process according to Ayurveda and Darshana.
- **05** Importance and utility of Triskandha (Hetu, Linga, Aushadh) and their need in teaching, research and clinical practice.
- **06** Applied aspects of various fundamental principles: Tridosha, Triguna, Purusha and Atmanirupana, Shatpadartha, Ahara-Vihara. Scope and importance of Pariksha (Pramana).
- O7 Importance of knowledge of Sharir Prakriti and Manas Prakriti.Comparative study of Principles of Ayurveda and Shad Darshanas.

## **Format of Question Paper**

#### PART -A

Q. No.	Nature of Questions	Division of Marks	Total Marks
1	L.A.Q.	15x2	30 Marks
2	S.A.Q. Attempt any 4 out of 5	5x4	20 Marks
		Total	50 Marks

#### **PART-B**

Q. No.	Nature of Questions	Division of Marks	Total Marks
1	L.A.Q.	15x2	30 Marks
2	S.A.Q. Attempt any 4 out of 5	5x4	20 Marks
		Total	50 Marks

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:-**

1	Charak Samhita	-	Chakrapani commentary
2	Sushrut Samhita	-	Dalhana Commentary
3	Ashtanga Samgraha	-	Indu commentary
4	Ashtanga Hridaya	-	Arundutta and Hemadri commentary
5	Vaisheshika Darshan	-	Prashastapada Bhasya
6	Nyaya Darshan	-	Vatsyayan Bhasya Patanjala
7	Yoga Darshan	-	Vyas Bhasya
8	Vedantsara		
9	Sarvadarshan Samgraha		
10	Bhartiya Darshan	-	Baldev Upadhayaya
11	Ayurved Darshanam	-	Acharya Rajkumar Jain

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